Status as of: 2020-06-08

Form GENO

DESCRIPTION OF NATIONAL GENOMIC EVALUATION SYSTEMS

Main trait group ^a . NOTE. Only one trait group per form! Breed(s) Trait definition(s) and unit(s) of measurement Attach an appendix if needed -Height (50-100) -Length (1-50) -Chest width (1-50) -Pelvis width (1-50) -Shoulder musculature (1-50) -Rump (1-50) -Rump (1-50) -Pelvis length (1-50) -Tail set (1-50) -Thighs rear view (1-50) -Thighs rear view (1-50) -Top line (1-50) -Hocks (1-50) -Hocks (1-50) -Muscling (50-100) -Meaty type (50-100) -General appearance (1-20) -Final score (50-100)
NOTE. Only one trait group per form! Breed(s) Belgian Blue Trait definition(s) and unit(s) of measurement Attach an appendix if needed Attach an appendix if needed -Height (50-100) -Length (1-50) -Chest width (1-50) -Pelvis width (1-50) -Shoulder musculature (1-50) -Top muscling (1-50) -Rib (1-50) -Rump (1-50) -Pelvis length (1-50) -Tail set (1-50) -Thighs rear view (1-50) -Thighs rear view (1-50) -Bone structure (1-50) -Top line (1-50) -Hocks (1-50) -Muscling (50-100) -Meaty type (50-100) -General appearance (1-20)
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-Meaty type (50-100) -General appearance (1-20)
-General appearance (1-20)
-Final score (50-100)
Source of genotypes (chips used) Illumina BovineSNP10K BeadChip (version 4 to 9), Illumina
Bovine SNP50K (version 2 and 3), Illumina BovineHD
Imputation method for missing Beagle3 (allelic dosage)
genotypes Beagle (anche dosage)
Propagation of genomic The propagation is performed during the Single-step GBLUP
information to non-genotyped to all animals related to genotyped animals and their relatives.
descendants and ancestors
Animals included in reference All genotyped males and females: 10296 animals
population (males, females,
countries included, total number)
Source of phenotypic data (DYD, Phenotypes measured by technicians
de-regressed proofs, national
EBVs and/or MACE evaluations)
Other criteria (data edits) for Herd effective >= 5, age between 15-56 months, females only
inclusion of records

	NY/A				
Criteria for extension of records	N/A				
(if applicable)					
Sire categories	All sires				
Genomic model (linear,	Single step GBLUP, multiple trait animal model, use of allelic				
Bayesian, polygenic effect,	dosages.				
genotypes or haplotypes)					
Blending of direct genomic value	Performed during the Single Step GBLUP method				
(DGV) with traditional EBV					
Environmental effects in the	Herd, date of evaluation, fatness				
genetic evaluation model					
Adjustment for heterogeneous	No adjustment				
variance in evaluation model					
Computation of genomic reliability	We used theoretical genomic reliability (contribution of record and relationships) or compute a "corrected" genomic reliability based on cross-validation study. The published value is always the smaller one of these two values. For the cross-validation study, 20% of the genotyped individuals are used in the validation group (the date of record is used to split the dataset) and the predictive ability (PA) is estimated as the correlation between breeding values and the masked performances. Then, the "corrected" genomic reliability is computed based on the difference in PA between polygenic and the genomic model.				
Blending of foreign/Interbull	No blending. Only local information				
information in evaluation	Two bioliding. Only local information				
Genetic parameters in the	See Appendix GENO				
evaluation	Section Carte				
Expression of genetic evaluations If standardized (e.g. RBV), give standardization formula in the appendix	Standardized breeding values: animals from genetic reference base are put to a mean of 100 and a standard error of 10				
Definition of genetic reference	All cows with phenotype born 4 years before the current year				
base	Base changes every year				
Labeling of genomic evaluations	GRBV				
Criteria for official publication of	Genotyped animals				
evaluations	Sires: $GREL \ge 50 \%$				
	Females : GREL ≥ 15 %				
	If reliability of height reaches the limit, height can be				
	published.				
	If reliability of muscling reaches the limit, all other traits can				
	be published				
Number of evaluations /	3				
publications per year					
Use in total merit index	No				
Anticipated changes in the near	No				
future					
Key reference on methodology applied	Legarra A., Christensen O., Aguilar I. and Misztal I. [2014] Single Step, a general approach for genomic selection. Livestock Science 166, 54-65				
Key organization: name, address, phone, fax, e-mail, web site	Organisation responsible for genetic evaluations and computing centre:				
	Elevéo asbl				
	R&D Department - Genetic Evaluation Unit				
	T				

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WEB site for publication of sire breeding values: http://www.eleveo.be

^aEither: Production (e.g. milk, fat, protein), Conformation, Health (e.g. mastitis resistance, milk somatic cell, resistance to diseases other than mastitis), Longevity, Calving (e.g. stillbirth, calving ease), Female fertility (e.g. non-return rate, interval between reproductive events, number of AI's, heat strength), Workability (e.g. milking speed, temperament), Beef production, Efficiency (e.g. body weight, energy balance, body conditioning score), or Other traits.

System Validation

Approximate number of test bulls for	Cross-validation study: 20% of the genotyped individuals are used in
this trait group:	the validation group (the date of record is used to split the dataset)
If including foreign reference bulls:	and the predictive ability (PA) is estimated as the correlation between
4-yr old de-regressed MACE EBVs,	breeding values and the masked performances.
OR	
Current de-regressed MACE EBVs	
If including foreign test bulls (type	
of proof 21 or 22), provide the	
reason.	
If using a truncation \neq 4 years,	
provide the reason.	
If applying an age cutoff for test	
bulls \neq (YYYY-8), provide the	
reason	

Appendix GENO

Parameters used in genetic/genomic evaluation

Country (or countries): Belgium (Walloon Region)							
Main trait group:	Conformation						
Breed (repeat as necessary): Belgian Blue							
Trait	De	finition	ITB ^a	h ^{2b}	Genetic variance ^b	Official proof standardisation formula ^c	
Height				0,39	23,19		
Length				0,18	0,6		
Chest width				0,2	1,96		
Pelvis width				0,26	0,89		
Shoulder musculature				0,3	2,35		
Top muscling				0,31	5,11		
Rib				0,25	4,99		
Rump				0,29	5,09		
Pelvis length				0,14	0,37		
Tail set				0,24	6,56		
Thighs side view				0,42	2,49		
Thighs rear view				0,39	2,4		
Bone structure				0,18	2,67		
Top line				0,14	0,25		
Hocks				0,19	2,47		
Skin				0,17	3,34		
Muscling				0,42	2,5		
Meaty type				0,31	1,4		
General appearance				0,39	0,6		
Final score				0,3	1,2		

^aIndicate, with X, traits that are submitted to Interbull for international genetic evaluations.

^bIf repeated records are treated as separate traits, provide heritability estimates and genetic variances separately for each trait, as well as for all traits pooled, i.e. for the trait submitted to Interbull.

^cExpressed as follows: StandEval=((eval-a)/b)*c+d where a=mean of the base adjustment, b=standard deviation of the base, c=standard deviation of expression (include sign if scale is reversed), and d=base of expression.