Status as of: 2020-04-20

DESCRIPTION OF NATIONAL GENETIC EVALUATION SYSTEMS

Country (or countries)	BELGIUM (Walloon Region)			
Main trait group ¹	Carcass weight			
NOTE! Only one trait group per form!	Carcuss weight			
Breed(s)	Belgian Blue			
Trait definition(s) and unit(s) of	Hot carcass weight males (kg)			
measurement ²	Slaughter age (month)			
Attach an appendix if needed				
Method of measuring and collecting data	Technicians in abattoir			
Time period for data inclusion	Males born in Wallonia since 2006			
Age groups (e.g. parities) included	All			
Other criteria (data edits) for inclusion of	$13 \le \text{Slaughter age} \le 27$			
records	200 ≤ Slaughter weight ≤ 800 Males			
Cuitoria for autorgion of manuals (if	N/A			
Criteria for extension of records (if applicable)				
Sire categories	All			
Environmental effects ³ , pre-adjustments	Pre-adjustment for type of carcass trimming			
	Pre-adjustment for age, 30 months			
Method (model) of genetic evaluation ³	Animal model			
Environmental effects³ in the genetic	Fattening herd			
evaluation model	Year month of slaughter			
	Slaughterhouse			
Adjustment for heterogeneous variance in	No Adjustment			
evaluation model				
Use of genetic groups and relationships	No			
Blending of foreign/Interbull information	No blending			
in evaluation				
Genetic parameters in the evaluation	See Appendix GE			
System validation	Genetic trends, correlations between consecutive evaluations			
Expression of genetic evaluations	standardized breeding values, which are multiplied by a			
If standardised (e.g. RBV), give	standard error of 10 and added to a mean value of 100			
standardisation formula in the appendix				
Definition of genetic reference base	No			
Next base change	Base changes every year			
Calculation of reliability	Reliabilities are calculated from PEV			
Criteria for official publication of	Sires : REL \geq 50 %; At least 10 calves in minimum 5 herds			
evaluations	Females : REL ≥ 15 %			
Number of evaluations / publications per	3			
year				
Use in total merit index ⁴	No			
Anticipated changes in the near future	No			

Key reference on methodology applied

Key organisation: name, address, phone, fax, e-mail, web site

Organisation responsible for genetic evaluations and computing centre:

Elevéo asbl

R&D Department - Genetic Evaluation Unit

Rue des Champs Elysées 4

B-5590 Ciney 0032/83/23.06.32.

eval_gen@awenet.be

WEB site for publication of sire breeding values:

http://www.awenet.be

¹⁾ Either: Production (e.g. milk, fat, protein), Conformation, Health (e.g. mastitis resistance, milk somatic cell, resistance to diseases other than mastitis), Longevity, Calving (e.g. stillbirth, calving ease), Female fertility (e.g. non-return rate, interval between reproductive events, number of AI's, heat strength), Workability (e.g. milking speed, temperament), Beef production, Efficiency (e.g. body weight, energy balance, body conditioning score), or Other traits.

²⁾ Indicate frequencies per category if the trait is categorical and specify transformation of data if practiced.

³⁾ Use abbreviations for most common effects (see document with list of abbreviations at http://www-interbull.slu.se/service_documentation/General/list_of_abbreviations.rtf) and indicate random (R) or fixed (F).

⁴⁾ Please give economic weights and indicate how they are expressed (preferably in genetic standard deviation units).

Parameters used in genetic evaluation

Country (or countries): BELGIUM (Walloon Region)

Main trait group: Carcass weight – Males

Breed (repeat as necessary): Belgian-Blue

Trait	Definition	ITB ^a	h ^{2b}	genetic variance ^b	official proof standardisation formula ^c
Carcass weight	males		0.38	460	

^a Indicate, with X, traits that are submitted to Interbull for international genetic evaluations.

^b If repeated records are treated as separate traits, provide heritability estimates and genetic variances separately for each trait, as well as for all traits pooled, i.e. for the trait submitted to Interbull.

c Expressed as follows:

StandEval=((eval-a)/b)*c+d where a=mean of the base adjustment, b=standard deviation of the base, c=standard deviation of expression (include sign if scale is reversed), and d=base of expression.